

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Monday, January 26, 1747.

From the London Gazette, Jan. 20.

Amsterdam, Jan. 24.

THEY write from Paris of the 20th instant, that according to their Letters from Provence of the 12th, the two Armies continued in the same Situation, viz. the French at Puger, and the Austrians at Grace. We hear from Marseilles of the 10th, that two Shebecks laden with Ammunition had just sailed from that Port, bound to Genoa, and that they had likewise several French Officers on board, who were sent to command the Troops there.

St. James's, Jan. 20. The following Address of the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh, has been presented to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Argyll, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh, beg Leave, in all Humility, to return our Thanks to your Majesty, for your having been graciously pleased, by an open and free Election, to restore to this City the Exercise of their ancient Rights and Privileges, which the late infamous Rebellion had interrupted and destroyed.

In our Election, now confirmed by your Majesty's Royal Prerogative, which has never been used but for the Good of your Subjects, there appeared no Contest, but who were the best affected to your Majesty's Person and Government; and we shall think it our Duty, in Gratitude to our Fellow-Citizens, who chose us, to behave ourselves in all our Proceedings with such Zeal, in Support of your Majesty's Authority, and such a disinterested, unfeigned and unallayed Attachment to the Constitution, both in Church and State, as to deserve their future good Opinion, and to recommend this City to your Majesty's Favour and Protection.

As the Almighty Providence seems to have reserved to his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland alone, the Restoring the Tranquility of this Country; we hope the same Activity, Valour and Abilities, which have been so successful against Rebellious Subjects at Home, will also lead him to Victory over your Majesty's Enemies

Abroad, the Disturbers of the Peace and Liberties of Europe.

May it please your Majesty,

Your Majesty's most obedient,
Most dutiful and loyal
Subjects and Servants,

The Lord Provost, Magistrates and
Council of the City of Edinburgh,
in Council assembled,

Edinburgh, Jan 3,

1747.

Sign'd by their Order,

G. Drummond Provost.

From Wye's Letter, London, Jan. 20.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland's Field-Equipage is getting ready with all Expedition, so as to be on board in 20 Days at farthest.

Yesterday the Lords, after hearing Council further in the Cause between Evans and Blood, adjourned to Wednesday.

The Commons agreed to the Report of the Resolutions of Friday last on the Supply, That 205,728 l. be granted for the Freight of Transports, between the 1st of January 1745 and the 31st of December 1746; also 66,686 l. for Victuals for Land Forces between the 1st of January 1746 and the 31st of December 1747; 16,670 l. for the Deficiencies of the Duties on Licences for retailing spirituous Liquors; 38,678 l. for the Deficiencies of the Surplus of the Fund for the Lottery 1714; 85,968 l. for the Deficiencies of the half Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage; 58,233 l. for the Deficiency on Glass and spirituous Liquors; and 135,378 l. for the Deficiencies of the Grants for the Year 1746. — In a grand Committee on Ways and Means, came to several Resolutions, which are to be reported on Wednesday, to which Time they adjourned.

They write from Plymouth, that the Foremastmen of the Gloucester and Lark will have 500 l. each for their Shares of the Prize lately brought in there.

From the General Evening Post, Jan. 20.

LONDON, Jan. 20.

'Tis confidently asserted, that a Plan is preparing for another Descent on some Part of the Enemy's Coast, which will consume less British Coin; is much deeper laid, to be vigorously executed, and of course become more formidable than our late Enterprize of the same Nature. — A Diversion is even intended by it both in Flanders and in Provence.

The last Letters from Madrid give us no Hopes of a separate Peace, but seem to insinuate that the Assiento



will be allowed to a certain Nation, but that their Ships employed in this Trade will carry the Portuguese Flag so long as the War lasts. They say farther, that the new Prime Minister is naturally of a pacifick Temper, and has never shewn any Bias towards France, which renders the new Turn of Affairs more surprizing.

We hear that General Hawley will be created a Field Marshal; he and General Bland being to go abroad with the first Troops for Flanders.

Fresh Orders are given for making the utmost Expedition in fitting out the Transports that are to carry the Troops over to Flanders.

From the London Evening Post, Jan. 20.

Extract of a Letter from Bréda, dated Jan. 17.

The Plenipotentiaries of the several Princes have broke off their Conferences at this Place, and are retired, as their Inclinations or Diversions directed them; but, as their Secretaries cannot afford to follow, we have their Company; and, like those at your Boards, they affect to have as much Knowledge as their Masters, and to be the Fac-totum; so that, in Truth, if you converse with any of them, you have nothing but alternately their different Interests: As for Instance, the Bourbonian Style runs thus: That the Genoese will preserve their Liberty, the Efforts they have made, and which they have render'd successful, in the Cause of Freedom, is an Event that will distinguish them, equal to any Parallel in antient or modern History: That General Brown, if not already, will be soon oblig'd to pass the Var; and that M. Belleisle will pursue him, so far as to render the Austrian Schemes abortive, and force the King of Sardinia into a neutral State: That Don Philip will carry his Point, in spite of all Opposition, *vi & armis*: That their Army in Flanders will be more numerous than ever, earlier in the Field, and sooner in Action, than the Enemy; and the Siege of Maestricht will open the Campaign. The Gentlemen on the other Side talk quite a different Language: They aver, that the Austrians are re-possess'd of Genoa, and the Tumult there is subdued, by the timely Succours sent to the Marquis de Botta by the King of Sardinia. As to General Brown's marching backwards and forwards, it only evinces that General to be a consummate Statesman; since a short Time will shew the French such a FINESSE in Politicks, that will oblige their Ministry to sue in an abject Manner for Peace on any Terms. What they say with respect to Flanders is mere gasconading; it being certain, that the Army of the Allies will not only be able to cope with the French, but their Activity and Courage will soon oblige them to abandon the Low Countries: And what heightens their Spirits is, that the Duke of Cumberland being Generalissimo, gives them UNDOUBTED Hopes of Victory. Don Philip, instead of acquiring an Establishment by Force, will be obliged to his Britannick Majesty and his Allies for a Provision; and his soliciting them would be the best Step he could take for obtaining it.

LONDON, Jan. 20.

Our Advices from Vienna, Warsaw, and Petersburg, all agree, that on the rising of the Grand Divan, now holding at Constantinople, a War will be declared against the Court of Vienna: To this Divan the Great

Cham of Tartary has been invited, which is never done but when some important War is on the Carpet; and as Peace is made with Persia, the best Ottoman Troops in Motion on the Side of Valachia, and the French Remittances very frequent, it is out of Doubt where the Storm will fall.

To obviate this on the Part of the Empress-Queen, Expresses have been dispatch'd to Italy and Provence, to make the boldest Pushes imaginable in the respective Countries against Genoa and France; Forces are gathering together on the Side of Belgrade and Buda; and the Empress of Russia has directed her Generals to have 40,000 Men ready to march into Moldavia.

The Courts of Vienna and Petersburg are not without their Suspensions on the Sides of Sweden and Prussia; and Measures are taken to guard against them, both on the Side of Finland and Bohemia.

We hear that Sir John Ligonier, at present Commander in Chief of the British Forces in Flanders, will be promoted to be a Field-Marshal.

On Friday the Pay of the two Troops of Life-Guards, lately disbanded, was settled by the War-Office, viz. the Officers to have their Pay till provided for in other Regiments; the old Men to have a Shilling per Diem during Life; those that chuse to quit the Service 30 l. and those that chuse to enter into other Regiments 10 l. per Annum till provided for.

On Sunday last was married, at St. Bennet's, Paul's-Wharf, the Right Hon. Francis Oliphant, Lord Oliphant, an ancient Baron of North-Britain, to Miss Mary Lingley, of York, a very beautiful young Lady, of great Merit and Fortune: As soon as the Ceremony was over, the new married Lord and Lady set out for his Lordship's Seat in the County of Middlesex.

Yesterday the Court sat at St. Margaret's Hill, when the following Prisoners were arraigned upon Indictments for High Treason, viz. James Stormonth, Charles Oliphant, Henry Moir, Robert Moir and Alexander Mackenzie, who all pleaded Not Guilty; and the Court adjourn'd till Thursday Morning, when their Trials will come on.

Yesterday the Sessions ended at the Old Baily, when Sir Hector Maclean, Joseph Brouden, John Blaw, Francis Statford, and John Purser, the State-Prisoners, were order'd to remain.

There is Advice that the famous Don Pedro, Commander of a Privateer of 40 Guns, from the Havannah, that has taken a great Number of British trading Ships, &c. is taken by the Canterbury Man of War, Capt. Hoare, in his Passage from Cape Breton for Antigua.

The Three Friends, Tovell, from Southampton to Jersey, is taken by the French.

The Rose, Capt. Fea, who was taken going from London to Aberdeen, was drove on Shore on the Coast of Norway, but there was not any Body on board.

From the St. James's Evening Post, Jan. 20.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Jan. 17.

Most of the Conferences which Count Bathiani held with the Lords of the State, during his Stay at this Place, turned upon the Execution of the military Plan which his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland propos'd.

Tho' General Bathiani is, without Doubt, inviolably attached to the Interest of the Empress Queen, and as zealous as possible for supporting the Common Cause, yet he could not help giving in to the Reasons which were alleged by their High Mightinesses, shewing how difficult it would be for the Republick to furnish a Body of 40000 Men at the opening of the Campaign; nor could he disapprove of the Conduct which the States General are desirous of pursuing in the present Conjunction, since they appeared to be so weak, and because of the Proximity of the French Army, against which the Republick could not defend its Frontiers, especially if any Disadvantage should happen to the Allies, either in Provence or the Low Countries. Count Bathiani, upon the Lords of the Government making these Allegations, told them, that for his particular Part he should be content with 100,000 effective Men at the opening of the Campaign; but as an Operation and a Diversion were intended to be prosecuted at the same time, it would be absolutely necessary to have a reserved Corps of at least 20,000 Men, to make Use of as Necessity should require.

LONDON, Jan. 20.

We hear that a Messenger brought an Account on Friday, that the Dutch have added five thousand more Troops to those already agreed on.

The following is a Replication to the Answer of Simon Lord Lovat, made at the Bar of the Right Hon. the House of Peers, by Sir William Yonge, viz.

My Lords,
The Commons have considered the Answer of Simon Lord Lovat to the Articles of Impeachment exhibited against him by the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeesses, assembled in Parliament, and do aver their Charge against the said Simon Lord Lovat for High Treason to be true; and that the said Simon Lord Lovat is guilty in such Manner as he stands impeached; and that the Commons will be ready to prove their Charge against him at such convenient Time as shall be appointed for that Purpose.

The Call of the House of Commons is appointed for Thursday next, the 22d instant.

Two Men of War are ordered for Portsmouth to convoy the Ships bound for India, as far as the Cape.

As there was yesterday no Account of the Arrival of the India and other Ships from Lisbon, it is conjectured that they steered for Ireland.

On Saturday the House of a Milliner in Pall Mall was searched by the Messengers, and several Papers secured, and one Person was taken into Custody.

We hear from Cornwall, that since the taking of his Majesty's Smack, called the Duke of Cornwall, which was stationed at Falmouth, to cruise upon the Smugglers, several Gentlemen have caused Bonfires to be made, and great Acclamations of Joy on that Occasion; by which 'tis reasonable to suggest that they are all Well-wishers to, if not materially concerned in that vile Practice of Smuggling.

The Hest. r Privateer, Capt. Kaisted of New-York, has taken a French Ship off Porto Rico, having on board 550 Hogheads of White Sugar, and carried her into New-York.

There is an Account that a French Ship from Marseilles, having on Board the Prince of Campo Florido's Baggage, bound to Naples, was taken by an English Privateer, and carried into Leghorn.

Last Thursday died at Hackney, Miss Margaret Dunbar, eldest Daughter of William Dunbar, Esq; Merchant in this City.

A Regulation is going to be made in relation to the Equipages of the Officers in Flanders, in order to prevent their being at too great Expence.

Bank Stock no Price. India Stock 177 1 half. South Sea Stock 104.

EDINBURGH, January 26.

Last Thursday died Dean of Guild Robert Wightman, a considerable Merchant of this City.

We hear from the North, that the Sea Monster, called the *Mermaid*, (described as having the upper Parts of a Woman, and the lower of a Fish) has lately appeared in the River Doveren.

On Saturday last the Mercury Man of War brought into Leith Road from Berwick Bay, a Ship of and from Borrowstonness, Mackenzie Master, bound for Holland, with suspected Passengers on board. The Master and Crew are Prisoners on board the Man of War, and the Ship is arrested. The Passengers that Afternoon were landed, and brought up to the Canongate Prison, where they were examined, and assumed the following Names, viz. James Angus, (supposed to be David Ogilvy of Peel, who escaped lately from the Canongate Jail) Peter Hay (alias Cameron, alias Chalmers, who at the same Time made his Escape also;) James Wat (alias Mungo Graham) James Campbell and James Jamison; and after Examination about 8 o'clock that Night, were carried to the Castle. 'Tis not certain, whether upon Information, or accidentally in quest of Smuggling Vessels, the Ship was seized in that Bay by the Man of War; 'tis said the Grounds of Suspicion were, the Ship's not bringing to upon the proper Signal, and, when obliged by a Gun fired at her to comply, the Master's having no proper Clearance to produce to the Captain of the Man of War from the Customhouse. Whether the Names the Prisoners go under be real or fictitious, Time must discover.

☾ This Day, the 27th Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 10 o'clock, 52 M. Afternoon, at 11, 22 M. Tuesday, Forenoon, at 11, 51 M. Afternoon, at 12, 21 M. Wednesday, Forenoon, at 12, 48 M. Afternoon, at 1, 6 M.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

This Day is published, and sold by the Booksellers in Town,

A SERMON preached at Inveresk 26th of April 1746, by JAMES GRANT; now a Presbyter of the Church of England.

PATRICK DRUMMOND, at his Shop in the Lawn-market, opposite to Libberton's Wynd, Edinburgh, has just now brought from the properest Places abroad, all Sorts of the best and freshest GARDEN SEEDS, FLOWER SEEDS, GRASS SEEDS, and such TREE SEEDS as last Season produced, particularly a large Quantity of Great Oak-Acorns exceeding good, at 2 s. Sterl. per Peck, and 7 s. 6 d. per Bushel; and all other Seeds to be sold by him as cheap as any where else in Scotland: And as a Proof of their Freshness, several of the principal Sorts may be seen growing extraordinary well in Pots in his Shop.

He likewise sells all Sorts of Gardening Utensils, new Hops cheap and good, finest eating Oil at 2 s. per Flask, and 2 s. 6 d. per Chopin Bottle; sundry Sorts of Pot Peas, particularly fine English Spleet Peas, all Sorts of plain and gilded Writing Paper, sealing Wax and Wafers, in Wholesale or Retail; likewise Collyflower, Savoy and different Kinds of Cabbage Plants, all raised from his own Seeds.

Any who want Catalogues of the Seeds, &c. may have them at the above Shop.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be exposed to Sale on Monday the 2d of February next, in the Laigh Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 5 in the Afternoon,

The Lands of **BELSTOUN**, comprehending **BATHSHAW**, belonging to Daniel Carmichael of Maudsley, lying within the Parish of Carluke and Sheriffdom of Lanerk, holding Taxward of the Crown, and pays of yearly Rent 100l. 16s. 1 d. 3 of a Penny, Sterling Money; 132 Hens, 168 Load of Coals, 12-long Carriages, 10 short Carriages, and 39 Days Shearing Days, besides a fine Lime-Quarry, which was set this Year at 6 Guineas, and is set for the next at 8 l. Sterling. There is likewise on these Lands a Wood, which, if preserved, will in a few Years be of considerable Value, and likewise an inexhaustible Moss, and the Lands are very improveable. Any who has a Mind to purchase, may commune with William Frazer junior Writer to the Signet, at his House in Don's Close, in whose Hands the Articles of Sale and Progress of Writs are to be seen.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be SOLD by public voluntary Roup on Tuesday the 10th of February next, between the Hours of 3 and 5 in the Afternoon, in the Laigh Coffee-house in Edinburgh,

The Lands and Barony of **HUNDHILSHOPE**, lying in the Parish of Manner and Sheriffdom of Peebles, on the River Tweed, 18 Miles South from Edinburgh, holding Taxward of the Crown, paying of yearly free Rent 111 l. 17s. 11 d. Sterl. besides some Superiorities, entitled to an indisputable Vote, as well from the Valuation of 407 l. as from a large old Extent.

The Rental, Progress of Writs and Conditions of Sale are to be seen in the Hands of William Lumisden Writer

in Edinburgh, at his House within the Head of Marlin's Wynd.

Any Person inclining to purchase before the said Day of Roup, the whole Barony, or these Parts thereof called **Halyards, Milton and Bellemig**, the yearly free Rent whereof is about 52 l. Sterling, may commune with the said William Lumisden, or the Proprietor at Halyards.

There is a convenient House lately built, with good Office-houses and a Kitchen Garden at Halyards, and there are several Thousands of thriving young Planting, of several Sorts of Timber, and a little Bush of natural Alder about Halyards and Milton, most Part thereof being fit for cutting. The whole Barony is well provided with Peat and Turf.

To be SOLD by public Roup THIS DAY the 26th current, at Two o'Clock Afternoon, in a Cellar in George Miln's Close, Quality-street, Leith,

Eighteen Butts fine old ZERY, and twelve Butts old MOUNTAIN. The Articles and Conditions of Roup to be seen at William Bell's Wine-cooper in Leith, who will also let the Wines be tasted any Time before the Roup.

*** The Sub-auditors appointed for ranking the Creditors on the Estate of **HAT of CANDT** having gone through the Interests produced for the several Creditors, with the Objections made to these Interests by the Carrier on of the Sale; They, before making any Report as to the Preference of the Creditors, did appoint Intimation to be made to the said Creditors and their Doers to see the said Objections in the Hands of James Hardie Writer in Edinburgh at Durie's Office, so as they may prepare and give in Answers in Writing to the said Objections on or before the 2d Day of February next; with Certification to them, if they fail to give in Answers, the Sub-auditors will proceed and consider the said Objections as they now stand.

*** That the Lands of **DRTGRANGE**, consisting both of Stock and Farm Ground, lying in the Shire of Roxburgh and Parish of Melrose, and pleasantly situated betwixt the joining of the Tweed and Lieder, are to be SETT in Tack for a Term of Years from Whitsunday next 1747; and for the better Accommodation of the Tenant, he may have the Mansion-house, Garden at the Back thereof, Office houses, and a good large Pigeon-house, besides the Tenant's House newly built, Garden and Office-houses thereto belonging, all in good Repair. For the Rent, Terms of Tack, and further Particulars, enquire at Alexander McMillan Writer to the Signet, John Grant Writer in Durie's Office, Edinburgh, or John Grant Writer in Melrose, who will go along with any Person inclining to be Tackman, and shew the Grounds and other Particulars to be sett.

EDINBURGH: Printed for **THOMAS RUDDIMAN and COMPANY**, and sold at the Printing-house in the Parliament-close; where *Advertisements* and *Subscriptions* are taken in.